

## **ELDT KNOWLEDGE TEST – CLASS A**

Answer 52 of the 64 Class A questions correctly to pass with a score higher than 80%.

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- 1. Commercial motor vehicle (CMV) operators are governed and regulated by the FMCSA. What does FMCSA stand for?
  - a. Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration
  - b. Federal Motor Carrier Swimming Association
  - c. Federal Masters Certificate in Solar Agriculture
- 2. T F A passenger commercial motor vehicle has a gross weight rating of 10,001 pounds or more and is designed to transport 15 or more passengers.
- 3. T F A combination vehicle is formed when a truck tractor or straight truck has a trailer added to it.
- 4. T F A Heavy Straight Vehicle is a combination vehicle with a gross combination weight rating of 26,001 pounds or more.
- 5. T F When reading the panel, the operator should make sure the oil pressure moves to normal within seconds after the engine starts.
- 6. T F It is important for the operator to put the bus in drive before doing a walk around pre-trip inspection.
- 7. After a safe start, the operator should check the following gauges:
  - a. Oil pressure, air pressure, coolant temp, battery voltage
  - b. Oil pressure, tire pressure, coolant temp, battery voltage
  - c. Windshield washer fluid level, air pressure, coolant temp, battery voltage
  - d. Oil pressure, air pressure, outside air temp, battery voltage
- 8. When traveling in ideal conditions:
  - a. You should increase your following distance
  - b. Your following distance should be at least 4 seconds
  - c. You can drive faster than the posted speed limit
  - d. You do not need to scan your mirrors



- 9. When you're approaching a vehicle from behind, you should assume you are in another driver's blind spot:
  - a. When you see the other vehicle's taillights
  - b. If you are driving on a single lane highway
  - c. If you cannot see the vehicle's inside mirror
  - d. A and B
- 10. You should check your mirror:
  - a. Only when passing another vehicle
  - b. Only when making right turns
  - c. Every 30 seconds
  - d. Every 10 seconds
- 11. In adverse weather conditions:
  - a. You should increase your following distance
  - b. You should increase your speed
  - c. You should brake hard
  - d. You should avoid using turn signals when changing lanes
- 12. A preventable collision is:
  - a. Impossible, because every collision is preventable
  - b. Any collision that occurs during the daytime
  - c. One in which no ticket was issued
  - d. One in which the driver failed to do everything reasonable to avoid it
- 13. T F You should always wave another driver through an intersection.
- 14. When approaching an intersection at the same time as another vehicle, who should yield the right of way?
  - a. Vehicle to the left
  - b. Vehicle to the right
  - c. Whoever waves the other through
  - d. The larger vehicle should always yield
- 15. T F Correct shifting of gears is important to maintaining vehicle control and improved fuel economy.
- 16. T F An operator must depress the clutch when downshifting in a manual vehicle.
- 17. Which side should an operator back when docking their vehicle?
  - a. Driver's side
  - b. Passenger side
  - c. Never back a vehicle
  - d. Driver's preference



- 18. T F It is always good to get out of the vehicle and look before docking the vehicle.
- 19. T F Distractions can be visual, manual, or cognitive.
- 20. T F It is safe to check your phone while you are driving on the freeway.
- 21. A flashing billboard and kids playing in the park are examples of what type of distraction?
  - a. Visual
  - b. Manual
  - c. Cognitive
  - d. Olfactory
- 22. Eating a burger or checking your phone while driving is an example of what type of distraction?
  - a. Visual
  - b. Manual
  - c. Cognitive
  - d. Olfactory
- 23. T F An operator should be less observant and more at ease when traveling at higher speeds.
- 24. T F The higher the speed the longer it takes to stop.
- 25. T F Leaving yourself an out is an example of space management.
- 26. T F When the light turns green you should accelerate immediately.
- 27. T F It is illegal not to wear corrective lenses if it is on your license.
- 28. T F When you are tired, the only cure is loud music and caffeine.
- 29. When operating during night driving it is important to:
  - a. Not flash your bright or high beams at those who have theirs on
  - b. Look at the right side of the road/fog line when someone with bright lights is on approach to avoid being blinded
  - c. Use your high beams when it is safe and legal
  - d. All of the above
- 30. T F Flashing your high beams at oncoming traffic increases the chances of an accident.
- 31. T F When driving in blizzard conditions there is no need to adjust the way you drive.



- 32. T F It is important to remove ice and snow from the steps and deck plates to reduce danger of slipping.
- 33. T F In extreme driving conditions use the engine brake or speed retarder to slow the vehicle down.
- 34. The distance your vehicle travels from the time you spot a hazard to the time you decide to take action is:
  - a. Reaction Distance
  - b. Braking Distance
  - c. Blind Spots
- 35. The distance your vehicle travels after the brakes begin to take hold, until your vehicle comes to a complete stop is:
  - a. Reaction Distance
  - b. Braking Distance
  - c. Blind Spots
- 36. T F It is important to brake hard when the trailer starts to jackknife.
- 37. T F You should immediately brake hard if you have a tire blowout.
- 38. T F It takes at least 12 inches of water to cause your vehicle to hydroplane.
- 39. Always aim your fire extinguisher at \_\_\_\_\_\_ when you are putting out a fire.
  - a. the base of the fire
  - b. the highest flame
  - c. the outer perimeter of the flames
  - d. all of the above
- 40. If you are driving a bus with passengers and see a railroad crossing ahead, what must you do?
  - a. Stop between 10 and 16 feet from the farthest rail
  - b. Stop between 15 and 50 feet from the closest rail
  - c. Slow and drive on if a train is not visible
  - d. Stop between 60 and 75 feet from the closest rail
- 41. T F Stopping and changing gears on railroad tracks are safe.
- 42. T F Proper inspection is imperative to putting a safe vehicle on the road.
- 43. T F As an operator you are not responsible for knowing your vehicle or your company's inspection expectations.
- 44. T F If your vehicle fails a roadside inspection, it will be taken out of service.



- 45. Vehicles and drivers are examined to ensure compliance with state statues and federal regulations pertaining to:
  - a. Vehicle equipment
  - b. Load securement
  - c. Driver qualifications
  - d. All of the above
- 46. T F Cargo should have at least one tie-down for each 10 feet of cargo.
- 47. T F No matter how small the cargo is, there should be at least two tie-downs holding it.
- 48. Any driver should be on the lookout for anything that would ultimately lead to an accident, such as:
  - a. Construction zones
  - b. Poor visibility
  - c. Slippery road conditions
  - d. All of the above
- 49. T F A driver must have 10 hours off duty for every 24-hour period.
- 50. T F Carriers do not have to track records showing a driver's hours of service.
- 51. T F Based on the nature of your work you may be required to maintain an electronic logging device (ELD) or Hours of Service log.
- 52. T F Driving Time means all time the driver spends at the driving controls of a commercial motor vehicle in operation.
- 53. T F If a driver has been placed out of service, they may still drive under certain circumstances.
- 54. T F No driver shall operate a commercial motor vehicle while impaired through fatigue, illness, or any other cause.
- 55. Things you can do for your wellbeing:
  - a. Adjust and re-adjust lumbar support throughout the day
  - b. Stretch your back and leg muscles
  - c. Avoid drinking water
  - d. Both A & B are correct



- 56. The four basic accident and emergency handling procedures are:
  - a. Keep calm and protect your passengers, yourself, your vehicle
  - b. Contact your dispatcher
  - c. Complete the required reports
  - d. All of the above
- 57. T F Reflective triangles and fire extinguishers may be needed when an accident occurs.
- 58. T F If you smell smoke, see smoke, or smell gasoline or diesel fumes, evacuate the vehicle immediately.
- 59. T F As a driver you need to treat inspectors with courtesy and respect, keep a clean and tidy vehicle, and make sure your documentation is in order.
- 60. T F You can be legally discharged for reporting safety issues at your workplace.
- 61. When planning your trip, you should always check:
  - a. Weight Restriction
  - b. Low Clearances
  - c. Permits Needed
  - d. All of the above
- 62. T F Safety sensitive employees are not subject to random drug and alcohol testing.
- 63. T F A DOT physical exam may be valid up to 36 months.
- 64. T F There is no need to check the coupler, plate, and king ping prior to coupling or uncoupling the trailer.



## **ELDT WRITTEN KNOWLEDGE TEST – PASSENGER ENDORSEMENT**

This test is for those required to have ELDT for Class A AND Passenger Endorsement. DO NOT take this test if you are only required to have ELDT for Passenger Endorsement (e.g., Class C with Passenger Endorsement).

Answer 12 of the 15 questions correctly to pass with 80%.

Name:	Date:
Name:	Date

- 1. T F It is preferred to fuel your bus with passengers on board.
- 2. T F It is important to not let your vehicle idle whenever possible.
- 3. Which topic should be included as part of the safety briefing?
  - a. Where to stow hot beverages
  - b. Using a seatbelt, when one is available
  - c. Turning off cellphones during travel
  - d. Time limits for passenger use of the restroom
- 4. Which is a best practice for unloading passengers on a street?
  - a. Park, open the exit door, and start working on paperwork
  - b. Park with the vehicle exit facing traffic
  - c. Ask for a passenger volunteer to supervise luggage removal
  - d. Check the area and keep four-way flashers on the entire time
- T F The ADA is an extensive civil rights law designed to remove barriers that prevent individuals with disabilities from enjoying the same opportunities that are available to persons without disabilities.
- 6. The ADA covers:
  - a. Any public entity that provides designated public transportation or intercity or commuter rail transportation
  - b. Any private entity that provides specified public transportation
  - c. Any private entity that is not primarily engaged in the business of transporting people but operates a demand response or fixed route system.
  - d. All of the above
- 7. T F The ADA requires operators to assist and be courteous to passengers with disabilities and also to permit service animals on the vehicles.
- 8. T F The ADA allows operators to pass customers with disabilities at stops.



- 9. T F The ADA requires service be provided to a Personal Care Attendant (PCA).
- 10. T F Announce all transfer points, major intersections, and destination points, as well as any stops requested by the passenger.
- 11. T F Buckle up. It's the law.
- 12. T F All vehicles, commercial or personal, rated 10,000 GVW or more are required to stop at open weigh stations for inspections.
- 13. T F As a commercial vehicle operator, you should be on the lookout for security issues and crimes at all times.
- 14. T F An unattended bag is never considered a threat and does not need to be reported.
- 15. T F Any violation could result in a fine. If a violation is not corrected, that could also result in a fine.